1.	Determine whether the statement describes a population or a sample.		
	The high school GPAs of all the parents of your classmates.		
	A) Population B) Sample		
2.	Determine whether the statement describes a population or a sample.		
	The heights of $14\ \mathrm{out}$ of the $31\ \mathrm{cucumber}$ plants at Mr. Lonardo's greenhouse.		
	A) Population B) Sample		
3.	Identify the population being studied and the sample chosen.		
	The heights of $4$ out of the $35$ okra plants at Mr. Lonardo's greenhouse.		
	A) Population: The 35 okra plants at Mr. Lonardo's greenhouse. Sample: The 4 okra plants at Mr. Lonardo's greenhouse.		
	B) Population: All okra plants in greenhouses. Sample: The 35 okra plants at Mr. Lonardo's greenhouse.		
	C) Population: All okra plants in greenhouses. Sample: The 4 okra plants at Mr. Lonardo's greenhouse.		
4.	Determine if the numerical value describes a population parameter or a sample statistic.		
	59% of all freshmen at your school reside on campus.		
	A) Population Parameter B) Sample Statistic		
5.	Determine if the numerical value describes a parameter or a statistic.		
	A recent poll of 3798 corporate executives showed that the average price of their cars is \$31,200.		
	A) Population Parameter B) Sample Statistic		
6.	Heights of trees are an example of which type of data?		
	A) Discrete B) Continuous C) Neither		

7.	The	numb	ers of differen	t colors variou	s boxes of cray	ons have are	an example of wh	ich type of data?
	A)	Discr	ete B)	Continuous	C	Neither		
8.	Indi	cate t	he level of mea	surement for	the data set de	scribed.		
				Monthly am	ounts of rain ir	Seattle over	10 years	
	A)	Inter	val B)	Ratio	C) Ordi	nal	D) Nominal	
9.	invo	oices a	nd tally what t	pes of produ	cts were repaire	ed. There wer	s repair company e twenty-five pro e data qualitative	ducts repaired
				E	lectronics Repa	ired		
			Blu-ray Playe	TV	Radio	MP3 Player	DVD Player	
			MP3 Player	DVD Player	DVD Player	Blu-ray Play	er MP3 Player	_
			Blu-ray Playe	DVD Player	MP3 Player	DVD Player	Blu-ray Player	
			TV	MP3 Player	Blu-ray Player	TV	TV	
			Blu-ray Playe	Radio	DVD Player	Radio	Blu-ray Player	
	A) C)		al, qualitative	B				
10.	Idei	ntify th	ne sampling ted	hnique used f	or the following	g study.		
	A m	arket	researcher cho	oses ten peop	le at random fr	om each mat	h class.	
	A) D)	Cens Clust	us er Sampling		ole Random Sar ematic Samplin		C) Stratified San F) Convenience	
11.	Sele	ect the	term which be	est describes t	he following sco	enario.		
		-			d to lower bloo ut are not giver	=	here are individua	als involved in the
	A) C)	_	e-blind experin		) placebo effe			

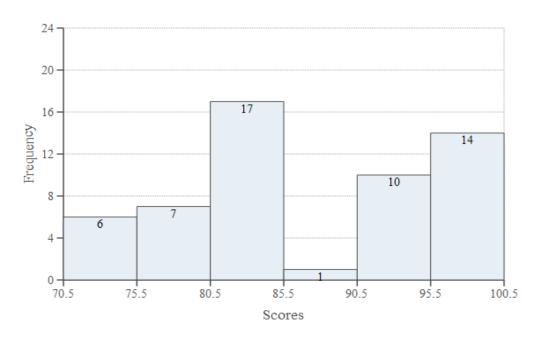
12. Consider the following data representing the price of plasma televisions (in dollars). 1162, 1221, 1204, 1356, 1252, 1240, 1254, 1253, 1192, 1399, 1209, 1361, 1319, 1233, 1136, 1275, 1371, 1174, 1403, 1181, 1407

		Price of Plasn	na Televisio	ons (in Dollars)	
Class	Frequency	<b>Class Boundaries</b>	Midpoint	<b>Relative Frequency</b>	<b>Cumulative Frequency</b>
1126-1175					
1176-1225					
1226-1275					
1276-1325					
1326-1375					
1376-1425					

<b>Step 1.</b> Determine the class width of the classes listed in the frequency table.
Answer:
Step 2. Determine the frequency of the first class.
Answer:
Step 3. Determine the lower class boundary for the third class.
Answer:
Step 4. Determine the upper class boundary for the fifth class.
Answer:
Step 5. Identify the midpoint of the sixth class.
Answer:
<b>Step 6.</b> Calculate the relative frequency of the fourth class. Determine your answer as a simplified fraction.
Answer:
Step 7. Compute the cumulative frequency of the second class.
Answer:

13. The following histogram shows the exam scores for a Prealgebra class. Use this histogram to answer the questions.

#### PREALGEBRA EXAM SCORES



Step 1. Find the number of the class containing the largest number of exam scores (1, 2, 3, 4, 5	, or	6)
--	------	----

Answer: _	
-----------	--

<b>Step 2.</b> Find the upper class limit of the fourth cla
---

Answer:		

**Step 3.** Find the class width for this histogram.

A	
Answer:	
AII3WEI.	

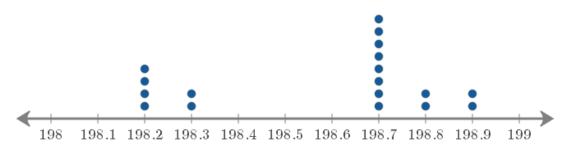
**Step 4.** Find the number of students that took this exam.

Answer:		

**Step 5.** Find the percentage of students that scored higher than 95.5. Round your answer to the nearest percent.

Answer:	0/6

14. A manufacturing company is shipping a certain number of orders that need to weigh between 198 and 199 pounds in order to ship. Use the dot plot below to answer the following questions.



**Step 1.** How many orders did the company ship between 198 and 199 pounds?

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_orders

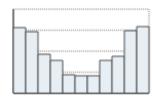
Step 2. What was the most common order weight?

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_pounds

**Step 3.** Was the average weight for this sample of orders closer to 198 pounds or 199 pounds?

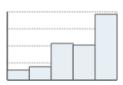
Answer: pounds

15. For the set of data displayed below, describe the most likely shape of its distribution.



- A) Skewed to the right
- B) Symmetrical, but not uniform
- C) Skewed to the left
- D) Uniform

16. For the set of data displayed below, describe the most likely shape of its distribution.



- A) Uniform
- C) Symmetrical, but not uniform
- B) Skewed to the right
- D) Skewed to the left

17.	Consider the following data
	•

$$-5, -5, 14, 14, 14, -5, 15$$

**Step 1.** Determine the mean of the given data.

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

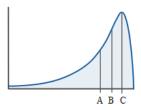
**Step 2.** Determine the median of the given data.

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

**Step 3.** Determine if the data set is unimodal, bimodal, multimodal, or has no mode. Identify the mode(s), if any exist.

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

18. For the graph shown, determine which letter represents the mean, the median, and the mode. Letters may be used more than once.



Answer: Mean =\_\_\_\_\_

Median =\_\_\_\_\_

Mode =\_\_\_\_

19. Calculate the range, population variance, and population standard deviation for the following data set. If necessary, round to one more decimal place than the largest number of decimal places given in the data.

Answer:

Range: \_\_\_\_\_

Population Variance: \_\_\_\_\_

Population Standard Deviation: \_\_\_\_\_

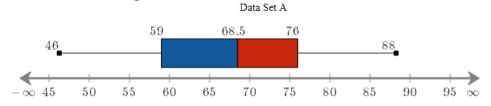
20. Suppose that grade point averages of undergraduate students at one university have a bell-shaped distribution with a mean of 2.54 and a standard deviation of 0.43. Using the empirical rule, what percentage of the students have grade point averages that are less than 3.83? Please do not round your answer.

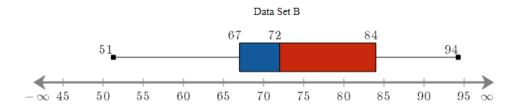
Answer: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ %

21. Suppose that diastolic blood pressure readings of adult males have a bell-shaped distribution with a mean of 82 mmHg and a standard deviation of 10 mmHg. Using the empirical rule, what percentage of adult males have diastolic blood pressure readings that are at least 102 mmHg? Please do not round your answer.

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_\_%

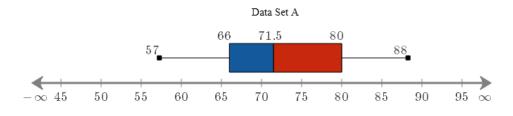
22. **Step 1.** Which data set has the largest value?

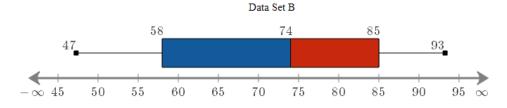




A) Data Set A B) Data Set B

**Step 2.** Which data set has the smallest variation?





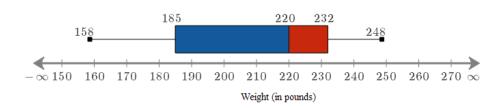
A) Data Set A B) Data Set B

23. Given the following data, find the diameter that represents the 36<sup>th</sup> percentile.

Diameters of Golf Balls					
1.35	1.62	1.32	1.52	1.59	
1.65	1.48	1.65	1.49	1.62	
1.48	1.65	1.67	1.48	1.61	

Answer:	

- 24. A manufacturer makes bags of popcorn and bags of potato chips. The average weight of a bag of popcorn is supposed to be 3.07 ounces with an allowable deviation of 0.03 ounces. The average weight of a bag of potato chips is supposed to be 5.07 ounces with an allowable deviation of 0.04 ounces. A factory worker randomly selects a bag of popcorn from the assembly line and it has a weight of 3.06 ounces. Then the worker randomly selects a bag of potato chips from the assembly line and it has a weight of 5.03 ounces. Which description closely matches the findings on the assembly line?
  - A) The popcorn bag assembly line is closer to the specifications given because its z-score is closer to the standard than the potato chip bag assembly line.
  - B) The popcorn bag assembly line is closer to the specifications given because its z-score is further from the standard than the potato chip bag assembly line.
  - C) The potato chip bag assembly line is closer to the specifications given because its z-score is closer to the standard than the popcorn bag assembly line.
  - D) The potato chip bag assembly line is closer to the specifications given because its z-score is further from the standard than the popcorn bag assembly line.
- 25. A high school has 48 players on the football team. The summary of the players' weights is given in the box plot. Approximately, what is the percentage of players weighing greater than or equal to 232 pounds?



Answer: %

26.	Consider	the	given	data	set.
20.	CONSIDE	UIIC	SIVCII	aata	JCt.

_													
Г								-					
П	72	7 /	177	0 1	ao	172	156	175	102	61	170	0 1	70
	7.3	7.4	/./	0.1	7.0	/.3	5.0	/.3	10.2	0.4	/.7	0.4	7.0

Find the indicated values. **Do not** round your answers.

- a. The median.
- b. The first quartile. \_\_\_\_\_
- c. The third quartile. \_\_\_\_\_
- d. The interquartile range.
- e. The lower threshold for an outlier.
- f. The upper threshold for an outlier.
- g. Outlier(s), if any.
- h. State the five-number summary.
- 27. A box contains 27 red marbles, 33 white marbles, and 85 blue marbles.

If a marble is randomly selected from the box, what is the probability that it is red? Express your answer as a simplified fraction or a decimal rounded to four decimal places.

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

28. What is the probability of rolling a sum of 9 on a standard pair of six-sided dice? Express your answer as a fraction or a decimal number rounded to three decimal places, if necessary.

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

29. There are 720 identical plastic chips numbered 1 through 720 in a box.

What is the probability of reaching into the box and randomly drawing a chip number that is smaller than 569? Express your answer as a simplified fraction or a decimal rounded to four decimal places.

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

- 30. Determine whether the following events are mutually exclusive.
  - "Choosing a heart or a black card out of a standard deck of cards."
  - A) Mutually Exclusive
- B) Not Mutually Exclusive

- 31. Determine whether the following events are mutually exclusive.

  "Choosing a king or a club out of a standard deck of cards."
  - A) Mutually Exclusive B) Not Mutually Exclusive
- 32. A group fitness gym classifies its fitness class attendees by class type and member status. The marketing team has gathered data from a random month, in which there were 2315 class attendees. The data is summarized in the table below.

Class Type and Member Status of Class Attendees					
Class Type	Member	Non-Member			
Barre	262	242			
Boot Camp	266	240			
Boxing	233	212			
Spinning	290	214			
Yoga	153	203			

What is the probability that a class attendee is a member of the gym and is attending a boxing class or is a non-member of the gym and is attending a yoga class? Enter a fraction or round your answer to 4 decimal places, if necessary.

Answer:		

33. A group fitness gym classifies its fitness class attendees by class type and member status. The marketing team has gathered data from a random month, in which there were 2318 class attendees. The data is summarized in the table below.

Class Type and Member Status of Class Attendees					
Class Type	Member	Non-Member			
Barre	264	290			
Boot Camp	260	93			
Boxing	291	181			
Spinning	230	270			
Yoga	191	248			

**Step 1**. What is the probability that an attendee does not attend a yoga class? Enter a fraction or round your answer to 4 decimal places, if necessary.

Answer:
<b>Step 2.</b> What is the probability that an attendee attends a boxing class given that he is a non-member of the gym? Enter a fraction or round your answer to $4$ decimal places, if necessary.
Answer:

a a
fou
4

38. Mrs. Burke's biology class has 128 students, classified by academic year and major, as illustrated in the table. Mrs. Burke randomly chooses one student to collect yesterday's work.

Mrs. Burke's Biology Class						
Academic Year	Biology Majors	Non-Biology Majors				
Freshmen	19	17				
Sophomores	17	14				
Juniors	16	10				
Seniors	17	18				

Step 1.	What is the pro	bability that she	e selects a bio	ology major,	given that s	he chooses i	randomly
from o	nly the seniors?	Enter a fraction	or round yo	ur answer to	4 decimal p	olaces, if nec	essary.

Answer:	

Step 2. What is the probability that she selects a senior, given that she chooses a biology major	or?
Enter a fraction or round your answer to 4 decimal places, if necessary.	

Answer:		

39. Consider the following data:

X	-3	-2	-1	0	1
$\mathbf{P}(X = x)$	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.3

**Step 1.** Find the expected value E(X). Round your answer to one decimal place.

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

**Step 2.** Find the variance. Round your answer to one decimal place.

Answer:

**Step 3.** Find the standard deviation. Round your answer to one decimal place.

Answer:

**Step 4.** Find the value of P(X > -2). Round your answer to one decimal place.

Answer:

**Step 5.** Find the value of  $P(X \le -3)$ . Round your answer to one decimal place.

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

40. In the long run, which plan has the higher payout?

Р	lan A
Payout	P(Payout)
\$5000	0.4
\$50,000	0.28
\$90,000	0.32

Pla	an B
Payout	P( Payout )
-\$10,000	0.07
\$15,000	0.6
\$90,000	0.33

- A) Plan A
- B) Plan B
- 41. Which plan has the least amount of risk?

Plan A		
Payout	P( Payout )	
\$20,000	0.12	
\$25,000	0.69	
\$75,000	0.19	

Pl	an B
Payout	P( Payout )
\$50,000	0.25
\$75,000	0.45
\$100,000	0.3

- A) Plan A
- B) Plan B
- 42. Suppose that you and a friend are playing cards and you decide to make a friendly wager. The bet is that you will draw two cards without replacement from a standard deck. If both cards are diamonds, your friend will pay you \$41. Otherwise, you have to pay your friend \$5.
  - **Step 1.** What is the expected value of your bet? Round your answer to two decimal places. Losses must be expressed as negative values.

Answer: \$

**Step 2.** If this same bet is made 537 times, how much would you expect to win or lose? Round your answer to two decimal places. Losses must be expressed as negative values.

Answer: \$

43. A researcher wishes to conduct a study of the color preferences of new car buyers. Suppose that 40% of this population prefers the color red. If 18 buyers are randomly selected, what is the probability that exactly 8 buyers would prefer red? Round your answer to four decimal places.

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

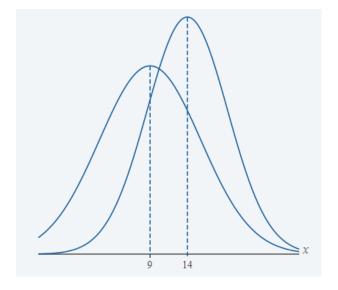
44. A quality control inspector has drawn a sample of 16 light bulbs from a recent production lot. If the number of defective bulbs is 2 or less, the lot passes inspection. Suppose 20% of the bulbs in the lot are defective. What is the probability that the lot will pass inspection? Round your answer to four decimal places.

Answer:			
answer:			

45. A real estate agent has 17 properties that she shows. She feels that there is a 30% chance of selling any one property during a week. The chance of selling any one property is independent of selling another property. Compute the probability of selling more than 4 properties in one week. Round your answer to four decimal places.

Answer:	

- 46. Decide which of the following statements are true.
  - A) There are a limited number of normal distributions.
  - B) The inflection points for any normal distribution are one standard deviation on either side of the mean.
  - C) The x-axis is a horizontal asymptote for all normal distributions.
  - D) The line of symmetry for all normal distributions is x=0.
- 47. The following is a graph of two normal distributions plotted on the same x-axis.



Based on the graph above, which statement best describes the graph?

	MTH 150 - Statistics - Final Exam — Review Exercises
47. (co	nt.)
	A) The two distributions have means that differ by 5 units and different standard deviations.
	B) The two distributions have means that differ by 5 units and equal standard deviations.
	C) The two distributions have equal means and standard deviations that differ by 5 units.
	D) The two distributions have equal means and equal standard deviations.
48.	Find the area under the standard normal curve to the left of $z=1.96$ . Round your answer to four decimal places, if necessary.
	Answer:
49.	Use the $z$ -score formula, $z=\frac{x-\mu}{\sigma}$ , and the information below to find the mean, $\mu$ . Round your answer to one decimal place, if necessary.
	$z = 1.75$ , $x = 20.3$ , and $\sigma = 4.8$
	Answer: $\mu =$
50.	The diameters of ball bearings are distributed normally. The mean diameter is $147$ millimeters and the standard deviation is $5$ millimeters. Find the probability that the diameter of a selected bearing is greater than $138$ millimeters. Round your answer to four decimal places.
	Answer:
51.	The life of light bulbs is distributed normally. The standard deviation of the lifetime is $25$ hours and the mean lifetime of a bulb is $580$ hours. Find the probability of a bulb lasting for at most $617$ hours. Round your answer to four decimal places.
	Answer:
52.	Find the value of $z$ such that $0.06$ of the area lies to the right of $z$ . Round your answer to two decimal

places.

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

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53.	The diameters of bolts produced in a machine shop are normally distributed with a mean of $5.11$ millimeters and a standard deviation of $0.07$ millimeters. Find the two diameters that separate the top $9\%$ and the bottom $9\%$ . These diameters could serve as limits used to identify which bolts should be rejected. Round your answer to the nearest hundredth, if necessary.
	Answer:
54.	A study on the latest fad diet claimed that the amounts of weight lost by all people on this diet had a mean of $20.9$ pounds and a standard deviation of $4.3$ pounds.
	<b>Step 1.</b> If a sampling distribution is created using samples of the amounts of weight lost by 88 people on this diet, what would be the mean of the sampling distribution of sample means? Round to two decimal places, if necessary.
	Answer:
	<b>Step 2.</b> If a sampling distribution is created using samples of the amounts of weight lost by 88 people on this diet, what would be the standard deviation of the sampling distribution of sample means? Round to two decimal places, if necessary.
	Answer:
55.	Suppose babies born in a large hospital have a mean weight of $3524\mathrm{grams}$ , and a standard deviation of $282\mathrm{grams}$ .
	If $84$ babies are sampled at random from the hospital, what is the probability that the mean weight of the sample babies would differ from the population mean by less than $46$ grams? Round your answer to four decimal places.
	Answer:
56.	A quality control expert at LIFE batteries wants to test their new batteries. The design engineer claims they have a variance of $3364$ with a mean life of $530$ minutes.
	If the claim is true, in a sample of $75$ batteries, what is the probability that the mean battery life would be greater than $533.2$ minutes? Round your answer to four decimal places.
	Answer:

57.	A door delivery florist wishes to estimate the proportion of people in his city that will purchase his flowers. Suppose the true proportion is $0.05$ .
	If $259$ are sampled, what is the probability that the sample proportion will differ from the population proportion by less than $0.03$ ? Round your answer to four decimal places.
	Answer:
58.	Suppose 52% of the population has a retirement account.
	If a random sample of size $471$ is selected, what is the probability that the proportion of persons with a retirement account will differ from the population proportion by greater than $4\%$ ? Round your answer to four decimal places.
	Answer:
59.	A research company desires to know the mean consumption of meat per week among people over age $24$ . They believe that the meat consumption has a mean of $4.4$ pounds, and want to construct a $90\%$ confidence interval with a maximum error of $0.08$ pounds. Assuming a variance of $0.36$ pounds, what is the minimum number of people over age $24$ they must include in their sample? Round your answer up to the next integer.
	Answer:
60.	Given the following confidence interval for a population mean, compute the margin of error, $\it E$ .
	$12.36 < \mu < 12.80$
	Answer: <i>E</i> =
61.	A professor wants to estimate how many hours per week her students study. A simple random sample of $56$ students had a mean of $20$ hours of studying per week. Construct a $95\%$ confidence interval for the mean number of hours a student studies per week. Assume that the population standard deviation is known to be $2.3$ hours per week. Round to two decimal places.
	Answer: Lower Endpoint:
	Upper Endpoint:

	MTH 150 - Statistics - Final Exam — Review Exercises						
62.	A certain test preparation course is designed to help students improve their scores on the MCAT exam. A mock exam is given at the beginning and end of the course to determine the effectiveness of the course. The following measurements are the net change in 7 students' scores on the exam after completing the course: $37,12,12,17,13,32,23$ Using these data, construct a $80\%$ confidence interval for the average net change in a student's score after completing the course. Assume the population is approximately normal.						
	<b>Step 1.</b> Calculate the sample mean for the given sample data. Round your answer to one decimal place.						
	Answer:						
	<b>Step 2.</b> Calculate the sample standard deviation for the given sample data. Round your answer to one decimal place.						
	Answer:						
	<b>Step 3.</b> Find the critical value that should be used in constructing the confidence interval. Round your answer to three decimal places.						
	Answer:						
	<b>Step 4.</b> Construct the $80\%$ confidence interval. Round your answer to one decimal place.						
	Answer: Lower endpoint: Upper endpoint:						
63.	How will decreasing the level of confidence without changing the sample size affect the width of a confidence interval for a population mean? Assume that the population standard deviation is						

6 unknown and the population distribution is approximately normal.

Select your answer from the choices below.

- A) The margin of error will increase because the critical value will decrease. The increased margin of error will cause the confidence interval to be wider.
- B) The margin of error will decrease because the critical value will decrease. The decreased margin of error will cause the confidence interval to be narrower.
- C) The margin of error will decrease because the critical value will increase. The decreased margin of error will cause the confidence interval to be narrower.
- D) The margin of error will increase because the critical value will increase. The increased margin of error will cause the confidence interval to be wider.

64.	Assume all conditions of the Central Limit Theorem are satisfied. What critical value should be used for constructing a 94% confidence interval for the population mean with the population standard deviation unknown. Circle one.											
	A.	$Z_{0.94}$	B.	$t_{0.94}$	C.	$Z_{0.03}$	D.	$t_{0.03}$	E.	$Z_{0.06}$	F.	$t_{0.06}$
65.	22 inte wei	adult males	s was e mea adult	664 pound an weight o male grizzl	ds v f al	vith a standa I adult male	ard griz	deviation of zly bears in	f 88 the	pounds. Cor United State	istru es. A	e mean weight of oct a 99% confidence ssume that the d. Round to the
	Ans	swer:	Low	er endpoin	t: _			<del>_</del>				
			Upp	er endpoin	t: _			_				
66.	rea		t or I	pelow the e						_		udents that have on proportion was
	bel	ow the eigh	nth gi		t th							graders reading at or t 0.03? Round your
	Ans	swer:										
67.						s about to co who smoke		uct an anti-	smo	king campaig	gn ar	nd wants to know
	Usi	<b>Step 1.</b> Suppose a sample of 966 Americans over 20 is drawn. Of these people, 783 don't smoke. Using the data, estimate the proportion of Americans over 20 who smoke. Enter your answer as a fraction or a decimal number rounded to three decimal places.										
	Ans	Answer:										
	Usi	ng the data	, con	struct the S	98%		e int	erval for th	e po	pulation pro		783 don't smoke. cion of Americans
	Ans	swer: Lowe	r end	point:			ı	Jpper endp	oint	•		

68.	Russell is doing some research before buying his first house. He is looking at two different areas of
	the city, and he wants to know if there is a significant difference between the mean prices of homes
	in the two areas. For the 31 homes he samples in the first area, the mean home price is \$152,400.
	Public records indicate that home prices in the first area have a population standard deviation of
	\$37,495. For the 35 homes he samples in the second area, the mean home price is \$161,700. Again,
	public records show that home prices in the second area have a population standard deviation of
	\$29,205. Let Population 1 be homes in the first area and Population 2 be homes in the second area.
	Construct a 99% confidence interval for the true difference between the mean home prices in the
	two areas. Round the endpoints of the interval to the nearest whole number, if necessary.

	Answer:  Lower Endpoint=
	Upper Endpoint=
69.	A newsletter publisher believes that over $80\%$ of their readers own a personal computer. Is there sufficient evidence at the $0.02$ level to substantiate the publisher's claim?
	State the null and alternative hypotheses for the above scenario.
	Answer: $H_0$ :
	$H_a$ :
70.	A sample of $1400$ computer chips revealed that $53\%$ of the chips fail in the first $1000$ hours of their use. The company's promotional literature claimed that $56\%$ fail in the first $1000$ hours of their use. Is there sufficient evidence at the $0.01$ level to dispute the company's claim?
	State the null and alternative hypotheses for the above scenario.
	Answer: $H_0$ :
	$H_a$ :
71.	A newsletter publisher believes that less than $44\%$ of their readers own a Rolls Royce. For marketing purposes, a potential advertiser wants to confirm this claim. After performing a test at the $0.05$ level of significance, the advertiser failed to reject the null hypothesis.

What is the conclusion regarding the publisher's claim?

- A) There is sufficient evidence at the 0.05 level of significance that the percentage is less than 44%.
- B) There is not sufficient evidence at the 0.05 level of significance to say that the percentage is less than 44%.

72.	An engineer has designed a valve that will regulate water pressure on an automobile engine. The valve was tested on $290$ engines and the mean pressure was $4.1$ pounds/square inch (psi). Assume the population standard deviation is $0.6$ . If the valve was designed to produce a mean pressure of $4.2$ psi, is there sufficient evidence at the $0.02$ level that the valve does not perform to the specifications?						
	Step 1. State the null and alternative hypotheses.						
	Answer: $H_0$ :						
	$H_a$ :						
	Step 2. Find the value of the test statistic. Round your answer to two decimal places.						
	Answer:						
	Step 3. Specify if the test is one-tailed or two-tailed.						
	A) One-Tailed Test						
	B) Two-Tailed Test						
	<b>Step 4.</b> Find the $P$ -value of the test statistic. Round your answer to four decimal places.						
	Answer:						
	Step 5. Identify the level of significance for the hypothesis test.						
	Answer:						
	Step 6. Make the decision to reject or fail to reject the null hypothesis.						
	A) Reject Null Hypothesis						
	B) Fail to Reject Null Hypothesis						

- 73. The U.S. Energy Information Administration claimed that U.S. residential customers used an average of 10,368 kilowatt hours (kWh) of electricity this year. A local power company believes that residents in their area use more electricity on average than EIA's reported average. To test their claim, the company chooses a random sample of 128 of their customers and calculates that these customers used an average of 10,745kWh of electricity last year. Assuming that the population standard deviation is 2198kWh, is there sufficient evidence to support the power company's claim at the 0.05 level of significance?
  - Step 1. State the null and alternative hypotheses for the test. Fill in the blank below.

$$H_0$$
 :  $\mu = 10,368$   $H_a$  :  $\mu$  10,368

Α	) >	B)	<	C	) ≠
$\sim$	/	וט	_	C,	, –

**Step 2.** Compute the value of the test statistic. Round your answer to two decimal places.

- **Step 3.** Draw a conclusion and interpret the decision.
- A) We fail to reject the null hypothesis and conclude that there is sufficient evidence at a 0.05 level of significance to support the power company's claim that the mean amount of electricity for their residents is more than the national average.
- B) We reject the null hypothesis and conclude that there is sufficient evidence at a 0.05 level of significance to support the power company's claim that the mean amount of electricity for their residents is more than the national average.
- C) We fail to reject the null hypothesis and conclude that there is insufficient evidence at a 0.05 level of significance to support the power company's claim that the mean amount of electricity for their residents is more than the national average.
- D) We reject the null hypothesis and conclude that there is insufficient evidence at a 0.05 level of significance to support the power company's claim that the mean amount of electricity for their residents is more than the national average.

- 74. A children's clothing company sells hand-smocked dresses for girls. The length of one particular size of dress is designed to be 24 inches. The company regularly tests the lengths of the garments to ensure quality control, and if the mean length is found to be significantly longer or shorter than 24 inches, the machines must be adjusted. The most recent simple random sample of 18 dresses had a mean length of 21.65 inches with a standard deviation of 4.70 inches. Assume that the population distribution is approximately normal. Perform a hypothesis test on the accuracy of the machines at the 0.025 level of significance.
  - **Step 1.** State the null and alternative hypotheses for the test. Fill in the blank below.

$$H_0$$
 :  $\mu = 24$   $H_a$  :  $\mu$  24

A)	$\neq$	B)	>	C)	<

**Step 2.** Compute the value of the test statistic. Round your answer to three decimal places.

Answer:		
Aliswei.		

- **Step 3.** Draw a conclusion and interpret the decision.
- A) We fail to reject the null hypothesis and conclude that there is insufficient evidence at a 0.025 level of significance that the mean length of the particular size of dress is found to be significantly longer or shorter than 24 inches and the machines must be adjusted.
- B) We reject the null hypothesis and conclude that there is sufficient evidence at a 0.025 level of significance that the mean length of the particular size of dress is found to be significantly longer or shorter than 24 inches and the machines must be adjusted.
- C) We reject the null hypothesis and conclude that there is insufficient evidence at a 0.025 level of significance that the mean length of the particular size of dress is found to be significantly longer or shorter than 24 inches and the machines must be adjusted.
- D) We fail to reject the null hypothesis and conclude that there is sufficient evidence at a 0.025 level of significance that the mean length of the particular size of dress is found to be significantly longer or shorter than 24 inches and the machines must be adjusted.

- 75. One study claimed that 85% of college students identify themselves as procrastinators. A professor believes that the claim regarding college students is too high. The professor conducts a simple random sample of 164 college students and finds that 132 of them identify themselves as procrastinators. Does this evidence support the professor's claim that fewer than 85% of college students are procrastinators? Use a 0.10 level of significance.
  - **Step 1.** State the null and alternative hypotheses for the test. Fill in the blank below.

$$H_0$$
 :  $p = 0.85$   $H_a$  :  $p$  0.85

A)	<	B)	>	C)	#

**Step 2.** Compute the value of the test statistic. Round your answer to two decimal places.

Answer:	
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- **Step 3.** Draw a conclusion and interpret the decision.
- A) We fail to reject the null hypothesis and conclude that there is insufficient evidence at a 0.10 level of significance that fewer than 85% of college students are procrastinators.
- B) We reject the null hypothesis and conclude that there is insufficient evidence at a 0.10 level of significance that fewer than 85% of college students are procrastinators.
- C) We fail to reject the null hypothesis and conclude that there is sufficient evidence at a 0.10 level of significance that fewer than 85% of college students are procrastinators.
- D) We reject the null hypothesis and conclude that there is sufficient evidence at a 0.10 level of significance that fewer than 85% of college students are procrastinators.

- 76. A parent interest group is looking at whether birth order affects scores on the ACT test. It was suggested that, on average, first-born children earn lower ACT scores than second-born children. After surveying a random sample of 125 first-born children, the parents' group found that they had a mean score of 24.3 on the ACT. A survey of 250 second-born children resulted in a mean ACT score of 24.6. Assume that the population standard deviation for first-born children is known to be 2.1 points and the population standard deviation for second-born children is known to be 0.6 points. Is there sufficient evidence at the 10% level of significance to say that the mean ACT score of first-born children is lower than the mean ACT score of second-born children? Let first-born children be Population 1 and let second-born children be Population 2.
  - **Step 1.** State the null and alternative hypotheses for the test. Fill in the blank below.

$$\begin{array}{ll} H_0 & : \mu_1 = \mu_2 \\ H_a & : \mu_1 \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \mu_2 \end{array}$$

A)	>	B)	<b>≠</b>	C)	<
$\neg$		וט	<del></del>	C)	`

**Step 2.** Compute the value of the test statistic. Round your answer to two decimal places.

Answer:		
~113VVCI.		

- **Step 3.** Draw a conclusion and interpret the decision.
- A) We reject the null hypothesis and conclude that there is insufficient evidence at a 0.10 level of significance to support the parent interest group's claim that first-born children earn lower ACT scores on average than second-born children.
- B) We fail to reject the null hypothesis and conclude that there is insufficient evidence at a 0.10 level of significance to support the parent interest group's claim that first-born children earn lower ACT scores on average than second-born children.
- C) We reject the null hypothesis and conclude that there is sufficient evidence at a 0.10 level of significance to support the parent interest group's claim that first-born children earn lower ACT scores on average than second-born children.
- D) We fail to reject the null hypothesis and conclude that there is sufficient evidence at a 0.10 level of significance to support the parent interest group's claim that first-born children earn lower ACT scores on average than second-born children.

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t	they		not likely to di					•							
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**Step 2.** If Emily needs to drive 312 miles home from college and leaves with a full tank, how much should she budget to fill up when she gets home? Assume the regression equation is appropriate for prediction. Round your answer to the nearest cent.

Answer: \$

- MTH 150 Statistics Final Exam Review Exercises 1. Correct Answer: Population 2. Correct Answer: Sample 3. Correct Answer: Population: The 35 okra plants at Mr. Lonardo's greenhouse. Sample: The 4 okra plants at Mr. Lonardo's greenhouse. 4. Correct Answer: Population Parameter 5. Correct Answer: Sample Statistic **Correct Answer: Continuous** 6. 7. Correct Answer: Discrete 8. Correct Answer: Ratio 9. Correct Answer: nominal, qualitative Correct Answer: Stratified Sampling 10. Correct Answer: control group 11. Step 1.Correct Answer: 50 12. Step 2.Correct Answer: 3 Step 3. Correct Answer: 1225.5 Step 4. Correct Answer: 1375.5 Step 5.Correct Answer: 1400.5 Step 6.Correct Answer:  $\frac{1}{21}$ Step 7. Correct Answer: 8 13. Step 1.Correct Answer: 3 Step 2.Correct Answer: 90 Step 3.Correct Answer: 5 Step 4. Correct Answer: 55 Step 5.Correct Answer: 25% 14. Step 1.Correct Answer: 18 orders Step 2.Correct Answer: 198.7 pounds Step 3. Correct Answer: 199 pounds Correct Answer: Symmetrical, but not uniform 15. Correct Answer: Skewed to the left 16. 17. Step 1.Correct Answer: 6 Step 2.Correct Answer: 14 Step 3. Correct Answer: Bimodal, Mode 1 = -5, Mode 2 = 14Correct Answer: Mean = A, Median = B, Mode = C 18. Correct Answer: Range: 9, Population variance: 8.3, Population standard deviation: 2.9 19. Correct Answer: 99.85% 20.
- 21. Correct Answer: 2.5%
- 22. Step 1.Correct Answer: Data Set B Step 2.Correct Answer: Data Set A
- 23. Correct Answer: 1.49
- 24. Correct Answer: The popcorn bag assembly line is closer to the specifications given because its zscore is closer to the standard than the potato chip bag assembly line.
- 25. Correct Answer: 25%
- 26. Correct Answer: a. 7.7 b. 7.3 c. 8.25 d. 0.95 e. 5.875 f. 9.675 g. 5.6, 9.8, 10.2 h. 5.6, 7.3, 7.7, 8.25, 10.2
- 27. Correct Answer:  $\frac{27}{145}$  or 0.1862

- Correct Answer:  $\frac{1}{9}$  or 0.11128.
- Correct Answer:  $\frac{71}{90}$  or 0.7889 29.
- 30. Correct Answer: Mutually Exclusive
- 31. Correct Answer: Not Mutually Exclusive
- 32. Correct Answer: 0.1883
- 33. Step 1. Correct Answer: 0.8106 Step 2. Correct Answer: 0.1673
- 34.
- 35.
- Correct Answer:  $\frac{13}{51}$  or 0.2549 Correct Answer:  $\frac{13}{204}$  or 0.0637 Correct Answer:  $\frac{153}{1711}$  or 0.0894 36.
- 37. Correct Answer: 60
- Step 1. Correct Answer: 0.4857 38.
  - Step 2. Correct Answer: 0.2464
- 39. Step 1.Correct Answer: -0.4
  - Step 2.Correct Answer: 1.6
  - Step 3. Correct Answer: 1.3
  - Step 4.Correct Answer: 0.8
  - Step 5.Correct Answer: 0.1
- 40. Correct Answer: Plan A
- 41. Correct Answer: Plan B
- 42. Step 1.Correct Answer: -\$2.29 Step 2.Correct Answer: -\$1229.73
- 43. Correct Answer: 0.1734
- 44. Correct Answer: 0.3518
- 45. Correct Answer: 0.6113
- 46. Correct Answer: The inflection points for any normal distribution are one standard deviation on either side of the mean., The x-axis is a horizontal asymptote for all normal distributions.
- 47. Correct Answer: The two distributions have means that differ by 5 units and different standard deviations.
- Correct Answer: 0.975 48.
- 49. Correct Answer:  $\mu = 11.9$
- 50. Correct Answer: 0.9641
- 51. Correct Answer: 0.9306
- 52. Correct Answer: 1.56
- Correct Answer: 5.02 millimeters and 5.20 millimeters 53.
- 54. Step 1. Correct Answer: 20.9
  - Step 2. Correct Answer: 0.46
- 55. Correct Answer: 0.8664
- 56. Correct Answer: 0.3156
- Correct Answer: 0.9736 57.
- Correct Answer: 0.0818 58.
- 59. Correct Answer: 153
- 60. Correct Answer: 0.22
- 61. Correct Answer: Lower Endpoint: 19.40 Upper Endpoint: 20.60

62. Step 1.Correct Answer: 20.9 Step 2.Correct Answer: 10.2 Step 3.Correct Answer: 1.440

Step 4.Correct Answer: Lower endpoint: 15.3 Upper endpoint: 26.5

- 63. Correct Answer: The margin of error will decrease because the critical value will decrease. The decreased margin of error will cause the confidence interval to be narrower.
- 64. D
- 65. Correct Answer: Lower endpoint: 611 Upper endpoint: 717
- 66. Correct Answer: 396
- 67. Step 1.Correct Answer: 0.189

Step 2.Correct Answer: Lower endpoint: 0.160 Upper endpoint: 0.218

- 68. Correct Answer: Lower Endpoint = -30,808 Upper Endpoint = 12,208
- 69. Correct Answer:  $H_0$ : p = 0.8,  $H_a$ : p > 0.8
- 70. Correct Answer:  $H_0$ : p = 0.56,  $H_a$ :  $p \neq 0.56$
- 71. Correct Answer: There is not sufficient evidence at the 0.05 level of significance to say that the percentage is less than 44%.
- 72. Step 1.Correct Answer:

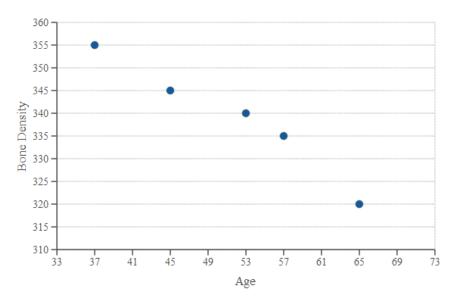
$$H_0$$
:  $\mu = 4.2$   
 $H_a$ :  $\mu \neq 4.2$ 

- Step 2.Correct Answer: -2.84
- Step 3.Correct Answer: Two-Tailed Test
- Step 4.Correct Answer: 0.0045 Step 5.Correct Answer: 0.02
- Step 6. Correct Answer: Reject Null Hypothesis
- 73. **Step 1.** Correct Answer: >
  - **Step 2.** Correct Answer: 1.94
  - **Step 3.** Correct Answer: We reject the null hypothesis and conclude that there is sufficient evidence at a 0.05 level of significance to support the power company's claim that the mean amount of electricity for their residents is more than the national average.
- 74. Step 1. Correct Answer: ≠
  - Step 2. Correct Answer: -2.121
  - Step 3. Correct Answer: We fail to reject the null hypothesis and conclude that there is insufficient evidence at a 0.025 level of significance that the mean length of the particular size of dress is found to be significantly longer or shorter than 24 inches and the machines must be adjusted.
- 75. Step 1. Correct Answer: <
  - Step 2. Correct Answer: -1.62
  - Step 3. Correct Answer: We reject the null hypothesis and conclude that there is sufficient evidence at a 0.10 level of significance that fewer than 85% of college students are procrastinators.

- 76. Step 1. Correct Answer: <
  - Step 2. Correct Answer: -1.57

Step 3. Correct Answer: We reject the null hypothesis and conclude that there is sufficient evidence at a 0.10 level of significance to support the parent interest group's claim that first-born children earn lower ACT scores on average than second-born children.

- 77. Correct Answer: Negative
- 78. Correct Answer:



- 79. Step 1. Correct Answer:  $\hat{y} = 11.496 + 0.857x$ 
  - Step 2. Correct Answer: 87.77
- 80. Step 1. Correct Answer: y = 4.397 + 0.069x
  - Step 2. Correct Answer: \$25.93